HAS GOMEZ PENNED IN AGAIN

Weyler Explains the Military Condition of Cuba at Present.

HIS PLAN OF CAMPAIGN IS PLAIN

Will Drive the Insurgents to Cover | Before the Rainy Season Begins, Which Will Suspend Operations.

(Copyright, 1806, by Press Publishing Company.) HAVANA, Cuba, March 9 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-General Weyler gave to me today ten minutes of the sixteen hours he habitually devotes to work daily in order to describe the military situation in Cuba.

The general is a remarkably good person to interview. He speaks rapidly, always to the point, without a superfluous word. In directness of utterance and intelligence of expression of ideas the governor-general is fully equal to the most distinguished individuals I have interviewed in the United States and Europe. He has the same clear cut method of speech as ex-President Harrison and Prince Bismarck.

General Weyler expressed himself as pleased with the interview with him published in the World last Wednesday and referred to the cabled reports of the mesage of Infanta Eulalie to the World, and to that from Premier Canovas, which is quoted in today's Havana newspapers. I requested General Weyler to explain to the World the mil-liary situation, especially as regards the provinces of Pinar del Rio and Havana. "The insurgents no longer exist in force in the provinces of Havana and Pinar del Rio." Geograf Weyler and "There are all and provinces of the province

Rio," General Weyler said. "They have been crowded eastward, and are beyond the Matanzas border. There are rebels in those provinces, but they are in groups of five, ten or twelve. The stopping of work on the plantations left the laborers without the means of substrates. They were out the means of subsistence. They 'go out' to procure food.
"The general condition of the people is

"The general condition of the people is end, as a result of the destruction of property by Gomez and Maceo. The people of the United States have no comprehension of the great extent of the destruction by fire of property of noncombatants in the formerly prosperous provinces of Havana and Pinar del Rio. I issued an order Saturday providing for the restoration of order in those provinces, and I anticipate no more serious trouble in them.

WHEREABOUTS OF THE REBELS.

WHEREABOUTS OF THE REBELS. "Gomez is near the central part of the province of Santa Clara. The latest intelligence placed him near Jicotea, on the railway, half way between San Domingo and Santa Clara. Jicotea is about 145 miles from Havana. Gomez is being pressed hard by General Pando's column.

"Maceo was last reported in the southern

of rebels in Cuba.

"Gomez will endeavor to find rest in the wild district of country east of Santo Espirita, and in the couthern part of Puerto Principe province. Macco will strive to Santa Clara.

will remove his headquarters to the city of Matanzas in order to facilitate his direction of the main force of the insurgents has passed into Santa Clara. "I expect to be able to report in a short time that Matanzas province is free from the that Matanzas province is free from Two Newspaper Men Among the Armand

ow within eighty miles of Havana.
"At no previous period have the insurgents been pressed as now. The present campaign has lasted only a little over three weeks.

General Weyler, remarking that I could best obtain an understanding of the military perations by inspecting the staff map, directed me into an adjoining room, where his chief of staff Lieutenant General Ochando and several junior members were at work General Ochando, the youngest man of all is of medium height, has delicate, refined features and looks the typical staff efficer accustomed to brain work, aithough he won his rank by military service. A long table stood in the center of the room, on which ay a complete map of Cuba, perhaps twelve feet long. Every town and village is marked

HEMMED IN BY PINS. General Ochando explained the method of locating the Spanish troops and the rebels. Steel pins, two inches long, with round, black heads, such as are used by women to fasten bonnets and veils, were pricked into various points. Small pieces of red paper, like miniature flags, were attached to many pins. Each one represented a Spanish column, with its name, route and the commander's name written on it. A blue flag on a pin representing Maceo's force, a white Seven Spanish columns, acthe flags, were about Lacret. Maceo had no flag between him and the great swamps in Santa Clara province. The flag representing Gomez and his force stood pricked in the map near Jicotea. About it stood pricked-in the map ten red flags, representing as many Spanish columns. is surrounded completely, according to the disposition of the troops today.

General Ochando courteously explained the thod employed to keep track of the army. e is immediately directing the movement Matanzas. He informed me that General Pando is commanding the troops about Gomez. Movements of troops to Puerto Principe will begin now, he said. According the information I obtained at the palace oday, the government expects to drive all the large bands of rebels into the mountainheavily timbered country east of Santo Espiritu, before the rainy season, which, of

necessity will end the campaign.
I have obtained much reliable information from Pinar del Rio and Havana provinces, which comes from neutral sources, and agrees with the formal statement of the government general. Five or ten mounted men can ride about, burn and destroy just as the bandits used to rob and escape be-fore the present robellion began. There are such small bands which the government proposes to try to control by civil guards, as announced in General Weyler's proclama

DETAILS OF DELGADO'S HURTS. Additional details are received in the elgado case, previously reported. Jose Gregorio Delgado, owner of the Dolores sugar plantation, five miles from Jaruco station, on the Matanzas railway, and forty-five miles from Havana, complained to Con-sul General Williams that his nephew, Dr. Jose Manuel Delgade, was attacked on the plantation last Wednesday by several volunteers. He received three machete wounds in

e face and a bullet through the thigh Delgado resided for a long time in A nephew was graduated at Bells vas. The captain general was immediately notified of this incident by the consul general. He expressed surprise, and immediately telegraphed to Jaruco and Bainos for information. WILLIAM SHAW BOWEN.

Cuban News Via Madrid. MADRID, March 9 .-- A dispatch received

bere from official sources in Havana says that Colonel Vicuna has defeated Maceo with a less of seventy-two killed and great number of wounded. The Spanish troops also captured 210 horses and a large quantity of arms. The Spaniards, who lost only twenty-two wounded, are still pursuing

Nothing Approaching a Battle Be tween Contending Forces. HAVANA, March 9.—The insurgent bands Machado and Aleman, in obedience to orders from General Gomez, have left the district of Placetan, province of Santa Clara, and have moved into the province of Matanzas. Other insurgent forces will assemble at Zuazo and near Placetas, in order, it is said, to protect the passage of the in-surgent forces under Gomez and Maceo through the Quemado Grande on their way

eastward. asstward.

The insurgents have burned the plantation and buildings at Cabaiguan, in the Trinidad district of Santa Clara.

The insurgents have burned the spiendid plantation of Arco de Iris with its buildings, province of Havana, and hanged three peaceable countrymen.

General Arcal is continuing his advance.

buildings, province of Havana, and hanged three peaceable countrymen.

General Arola is continuing his advance through the province of Santa Clara, in pursuit of Gomez. His vanguard, at Santiago, under the command of Colonel Frances, had a skirmish with the insurgents' rear guard and Colonel Hernandez is believed to have cut off the retreat of the insurgents back into the province of Matanzas. The column of troops under Colonel Galbis is going in the direction of Pando. The guerilla forces of Calabazar, in the district of Sagua is Grande, have been engaged with the insurgents under Delgado. The latter left one killed on the field and the guerillas, in pursuing the enemy, met near the plantation of Orients the insurgent band commanded by Ruperto Sanchez. The insurgents left five killed behind them. General Prat, while on his way from Bouquerones to Aguada, has been engaged with a numerous band of insurgents under Quintin Bandera. The troops had two wounded and pursued the enemy in the direction of Bance, Colorado and Carillo.

and pursued the enemy in the direction of Bancs, Colorado and Carillo.

The military governor of Matanzas reports that there exists at the plantation of Saratoga and on the banks of the river Aura many bands of insurgents belonging to the forces of Maceo, which were fought by Colonel Vicunda a day or so ago. These bands are reported to be in a demoralized condition and without ammunition.

column of troops commanded by The column of troops commanded by Colonel Molina, coming from Palma, met the insurgents' scouts near the river Aura. The main force of the enemy was said to be encamped some distance away. Miro, Lacret, Zeyns, Garcia and Acebea, the insurgent leaders, are said to be with Maceo. Colonel Lopez, at the head of three companies of infantry, advanced upon the left flank of the enemy. Major Lopez, with two companies, moved upon the right flank, and Colonel Molina, advancing upon the enemy's front, captured the insurgent positions at Vista Hermosa and the plantasitions at Vista Hermosa and the planta-tions of Trinidad, San Jose and Atrevido. The insurgents retreated and the firing was kept up for three hours, with great loss to the enemy. The troops had four men seriously wounded and several men slightly

Near Guanajay, in the province of Pinar

telligence placed him near Jicotea, on the railway, half way between San Domingo and Santa Clara. Jicotea is about 145 miles from Havana. Gomez is being pressed hard by General Pando's column.

"Maceo was last reported in the southern part of Matanzas province, south of Jovellanos, between Cuevitas and Claudio. He has been turned from the line of march eastward by my columns, and apparently is moving as rapidly as possible to the great Swamp of the Shoe for shelter.

"Lacret's band is separated from that of Maceo. It was last reported at a point two leagues or so north of Jaguey Grande. The combined forces of Maceo and Lacret had two encounters yesterday with my columns. There were more than 8,000 rebels altogether.

"Quintin Bandera is in the Cienfuegos district, between Rodas and Yaguarisnas.

"This completes the list of large bands of rebels in Cuba.

"Gomez will endeavor to find rest in the weather of solders. The insurgents have attacked a mixed train, which was gustded by a detachment of solders. The insurgents were repulsed with a loss of seven killed.

The military governor of San Cristobal, in the province of Plnar del Rio, reports that the insurgent leader Perico Delgado, with 500 men, has overrun the district, burning everything in his path. He was pursued by the troops and two of the enemy were killed, among them being the insurgent leutenant Leon. A band of 200 insurgents have of insurgents in this province are negotiating to surrender.

Maximo Gomez is reported to be at Seboracal in person. A store keeper at Cebrian has been plundered of \$400 and orders issued to burn his store. General Weyler will remove his headquarters to the city of matanzas in order to facilitate his direction of operations after the direction of the store that the province of Plnar del Rio, reports that the s

PARIS, March 9.-The trial of Armand Rosenthal (Jacques St. Cere), Count Lionel Werther de Cesti, M. Balemsi, a banker At the same rate of progress the insurgents Uiric de Celvrey, formerly editor of the will be driven east of Santa Espiritu in Echo de L'Armee; M. Poidebar de la Bruyere and M. Szydlowsky, charged with blackaire who died recently in the military hospital at Amelie Les Raines, out of large sums of money and by the most cruel fraude, and was correspondent in this city for a and was correspondent in this city for a New York newspaper. During his latter days Lebaudy was defended against his enemies by Mile. Marsey, the well known Parisian actress, to whom he wished to leave his fortune, but who refused to accept it. Each charge will be examined separately and the case promises to be interesting, although it is believed nearly all the facts in the case have been made public, and they show that Ulric de Cevrey alone must have defrauded the young conscript out of over 1,000,000 francs.

The brothers de Civri were the first taken to be examined. Mile. Marsy, the actress to whom Lebaudy left his fortune, was present attired in deep mourning. She testified that M. Lebaudy told her that the de Civris attacked him because he refused to them 5,000 francs for their paper, the Echo de L'Armee. General Borsermet testified that Joseph de Civri's attitude belikened his having asked a favor of Lebaudy and that he had been refused.

WILL LEND CHINA MANY MILLIONS

Anglo-German Syndicate Complete LONDON, March 10.-The Times' financial article says: "Arrangements point to the completion of an Anglo-German syndicate to obtain a Chinese lean of £16,000,000, which will possibly be issued in two installments We sincerely hope that there will be no hitch in the arrangement, because the influence which Russia has already acquired in China much concerns other nations."

The financial article also says: what we hear, the Baltimore & Ohio recon struction plan will require nearly £20,000. 000." The Berlin correspondent of the Stand-ard says: "The Chinese loan has been con-cluded at 5 per cent, repayable in thirty-six years, and secured on customs receipts. This is a brilliant victory of the Anglo-German over the French syndicate."

LONDON, March 9. - General Booth of the Salvation army arrived here unexpectedly today. He came everland from Brindisix in response to urgent appeals from headquarters for his advice regarding the American situation. The general did not go to headquarters, but has been closeted with Bram

THE HAGUE, March 9. -It is announced here that a Dutch military patrol has been attacked by the Alchinez, near Anagaloeti, sland of Sumatra. Eight Dutch soldiers were killed and five officers and twenty-on men were wounded. The Aichinez lost a of their leaders and thirty-seven men killed

LONDON, March 10 .- A special dispatch from Cairo says; Osman Digne has left Omduman for Cassain to take command of the dervishes. A dispatch from Rome says General Baldissera has sent a detachment to the relief of Cassain. o the relief of Cassula.

Departing for the Seal Fisheries. ST. JOHNS, N. F., March 2.—The seal fishery is being prosecuted vigorously. Two steamers left today for the ice fields, taking

Buynrd Has the Influenza. LONDON, March 9.—United States Ambas sador Bayard is suffering from a slight at-

REPORT MANY SMALL SKIRMISHES. DEFY POLICE AND SOLDIERS

manded by Napoles, Alberto Rojas, Mob of Twelve Thousand at Bilbao Attack an American Consulate.

Pelted the Officers with Stones and Refused to Disperse Until the Gen d'Armes Charged with Drawn Swords.

BILBAO, Spain, March 9 .- There was another anti-American riot here today and it was of greater importance than the previous socalled patriotic disturbances, caused by the by. Their conduct was soon imitated by musicians who refused to repeat the national anthem were hustled, beaten and otherwise maltreated.

The excitement increased and many groups formed in the main streets, cheering for Spain and denouncing the United States. The authorities did everything possible to main-tain order. Almost the entire police force was turned out as soon as the populace as-

was turned out as soon as the populace as-sumed a threatening aspect and the rioters were dispersed again and again. Eventually, however, the mob became so numerous and excited that the police were almost helpless. After the first demonstration of sympathy with the army, the crowds had armed themselves with sticks and cudgels and their numbers were so great that the police were swept aside and an immense

the police were swept aside and an immense crowd gathered on the leading thoroughfare and marched toward the residence of the American consul, shouting, "Long live Spain," "Down with the Yankees."

On their way to the consul's residence they hurled stones through the windows of stores and private residences, overturned a number of vehicles, pulled several mounted policemen from their horses and generally behaved in the most threatening manner. Stores dealing in American goods received Stores dealing in American goods received the most attention from the mob and the windows of the consul's house were badly shattered, although the police defended the building.

STARTED FOR THE CONSULATE. The mob then proceeded in the direction of the United consulate, evidently in-tending to stone that building as well. But the authorities had taken the precaution to send a strong force of police to guard that building and another detachment of police was stationed across the streets leading to the consulate. Therefore, when the mob neared the United States consulate, it was confronted by the police with drawn swords. The mob halted and then began pelling the police most vigorously with stones and pleces of brick. The policemen, however, held their ground and a squad of the officers charged the rioters. The latter began by firing pistols at the policemen, two of whom were wounded. This caused the police to charge in a body, and, using their swords with good effect, the rioters were dispersed, yelling and hooting at the authorities and shouting "Down with the Yankees" and "Long live Spain."

The police who made a number of arrests

The police, who made a number of arrests, experienced considerable difficulty in escorting their prisoners to the depot. During the whole afternoon there was more or less dis-turbance. It was decided to keep both the police proper and the gendarmes confined to the barracks until further orders, as there

The United States consulate is now guarded by a strong detachment of gendarmes, armed with carbines, revolvers and swords, and they any cost.

MADRID, March 9 .- The turbulent element the city of Bilbao which created disturbances yesterday, continued to defy the authorities today and made violent demonstration in spite of the armed threat of the gens d'armes. Disorders were renewed near the American consulate and a determined effort was made to reach the building where was commenced here today. Rosenthal was showed equal determination to frustrate this rmerly connected with the Paris Figaro attempt and succeeded. But this was not done without a serious collision between the York newspaper. During his latter the mob and the gens d'armes, in which twenty of the former are known to have been injured, though it is not stated any fatalities resulted. Nine of the gens d'armes were also injuted. With this rebuff the mob drew off. But the inhabitants of Bilbao are still in a turbulent mood and the police authorities find it necessary to make every precaution to guard against injury being done to the United States consulate. Elsewhere in Spain the situation bears a more tranquil aspect and the question of the action of the United States on Cuba is regarded in a calmer mood.

A report found currency today that the United States minister, Mr. Taylor, had left Madrid, but this proved to be wholly without foundation.

A dispatch from Havana says the insur-

gents are in a demoralized condition and seeking flight toward the eastward portion of the Island.

Espionage Trials Concluded. BERLIN, March 9.—The esplonage trial at Leipste, which has attracted much attention, was ended today with the sentencing of Schiren, a Luxemburger and the chief defendant, to seven years' imprisonment. Pfeif-fer was sentenced to two years and Ringbauer to one year's imprisonment. The evidence showed that a Frenchman named Mon-

ROME, March 9.-The Tribuna today denies that King Humbert has expressed his intention to abdicate. The report grew out. of the fact that the king said: "My son may negotiste with the Negus, but I will never do so." The Tribuna also publishes an anti-French article headed "Indecency and In-solence." during which it protests against French interference in Italian affairs and declares that France is actuated by implacable hatred of Italy.

Uruan Incident May Be Disposed Of. LONDON, March 9.-It is stated here eday that in view of the discussion of the Venezuelan question being on at Washington between the British ambassador, Sir Julian Pauncefote, and the Venezuelan minister, Senor Andrade, and possibly Secretary Olney, the Uruan incident (the arrest of a British lice inspector and the hauling down of e British flag in the disputed territory) may first be disposed of.

Rhine Out of Its Banks. BERNE, March 9. - Melting and heavy rains have occurred in the Bernese oberland. The Rhine has overflowed at Locie and Marteaux. nundating those places. Railroad communi cation with both towns has been stopped.

Six Thousand Almost Starved LONDON, March 10 .- A Constantinople dispatch to the Chronicle says: The Americans are keeping 6,000 people barely alive at Marash with a weekly dole of 3 pence

VIENNA, March 9 .- The number of colliers on strike at Ostrau and Karvinos increasing and there are now 30,000 out.

Victoria Starts for Nice. LONDON, March 9.—Queen Victoria her suite started for Nice today.

AS TO MANITOBA'S SCHOOLS. New Phase of the Situation in Can-

OTTAWA, Ont., March 5.—The Manitoba school question assumed a new and interesting phase today when Sir Charles Tupper arose in the House of Commons and read a telegram from Premier Greenway of Manliobs STARTED BY A GANG OF YOUNG MEN to Sir Donald Smith, who recently visited Winnipeg upon a mission of peace. Green-Winnipeg upon a mission of peace. Green-way's telegram was in reply to one from Sir Donald, and read: "Winnipeg Man., March 2.—Your telegram has received most careful consideration by myself and col-leagues and white fully appreclating all you say, it is quite clear to us that we can only proceed to Ottawa for the purpose of holding a conference on official invitation of the Dominion government. I fully ap-preclate your very kind offices in this mat-ter."

Sir Charles Tupper added: "In view of the assurances that the government of Manicalled patriotic disturbances, caused by the action of the congress of the United States in regard to Cuba. About 12,000 people took part this afternoon in the popular demonstration. The excitement was started by a group of young men at a street corner, who began cheering every soldier who passed by. Their conduct was soon imitated by oy. Their conduct was soon imitated by other groups of people, until every soldier seen was cheered by the crowds, and some as previously arranged."

A triumphant shout went up from the liberal side of the house, for the statement was regarded as the government's first re-trogressive step since entering upon its coercive policy.

Exclusion of Store Cuttle Hits Them Also.

a warrant had been used for the arrest of Mr. Cecil Rhodes. He is charged with complicity in the importation of arms into the Transvaal territory for use against the authorities of that republic authorities of that republic

The Daily Telegraph denies that a warrant has been issued for the arrest of Cecil

Another Expedition Lands. opyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company. KINGSTON, Jamaica, March 9.—(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.) -Another expedition has safely landed in Cuba, evading the Spanish troops and join

ing the insurgents. Inspecting the Siberian Railway. ST. PETERSBURG, March 9 .- Mr. Pangborn, president of the American committee to inspect Siberian railways, is about to start for central Asia and the Caucasus to study the railway systems there.

DEATH OF SENATOR WEISSENGER.

Kentucky Democrats Lose Another Prominent Member. FRANKFORT, Ky., March 9.—Senator Weissinger, the leader of the democratic anti-Blackburn forces in the Kentucky legislature, died shortly before noon today.

Senator Weissinger has been ill for several days with a bad cold, which has changed into pneumonia. He was made much worse by the excitement of Saturday when he was told that Blackburn had been elected. This morning his friends were called in and his physicians said they thought he would not survive the day, as the change for the worse was

very marked.
DENVER, March 9.—Mrs. Cecilla A. Baker, wife of Dr. G. G. Baker and director in the Tuesday Musical club, died suddenly last night from the rupturing of a blood vessel in the brain. Previous to her arrival in Denver eight years ago Mrs. Baker was director of a musical club in Akron, O., which is one of the leading societies of its kind in the country. She was also musical director at dence showed that a Frenchman named another, the most important culprit, has evaded arrest. The prisoners were Montier's tools and he received his orders from the minister of war, the main object being to obtain the state university at Boulder and at Wolf hall in this city. She received her musical education in New York, from her earliest education in New York, from her earliest childhood displaying a marked taient for childhood displaying a marked taient for the contract of the contract o the art in which she afterward became so

HARTFORD, Conn., March 9.-George Elliott Siil, ages 34, son of ex-Lieutenant Governor Siil, died at his home here today. After graduating from Amberst college he was prominent in politics and was a member of the Sons of the American Revolution and

of the Reform club of New York.

DOVER, N. H., March 2.—Chief Justice Charles Doe of the supreme court of New Hampshire was stricken with paralysis in the depot at Rollinsford today, and died almost immediately SAN ANTONIO, March 9,-Mrs. George R. Peck of Chicago died this morning. The remains will be shipped home by

BUFFALO, March 9.—George H. Bucrova, for many years superintendent of the wart-ern division of the New York Central volu-

road, died here today. CLEVELAND, March 9.—Le. E. W. Little, one of the most prominent and wealthiest citizens of Cleveland, died this morning, aged 80 years. Before the war Dr. Little was ranked as one of Ohio's most noted abolitionists. He did active work in Morgan county in the interests of the "underground railway" and a number of exciting accidents are told in connection with his many successful efforts in securing freedom of run-away negroes.

STILLWATER, Minn., March 9.—Mrs. J. N. Castle, wife of ex-Congressman Castle, died last night after a lingering diness, aged about 52 years. She was a sister of ex-Congressman John R. Fellows of New York and has lived here about fourteen years.
ST. LOUIS, March 8.—Mrs. Chauncey Ives
Filley, wife of the prominent republican
leader, died at her home today after an illness of one week of pneumonia. The decoased was 65 years of age and would shortly have celebrated the forty-first anniversary of

her marriage with Mr. Filiey.

ASSINABOINE, Mont., March 9.—Mrs. J.

K. Mizner, wife of Colonel J. K. Mizner,
Tenth United States cavalry, died at Fort

STRODE MAY DROP HIS PLAN

Division of the Federal Court Clerk's Office a Matter of Uncertainty.

OPPOSITION FROM SEVERAL SOURCES

Hastings People Look on It as Endangering a Home Hope and Others Think It a Trifle Premature.

WASHINGTON, March 9 .- (Special Telegram.)-Representative Strode of the First district is not at all clear in his mind whether it would be well to divide the federal district of Nebraska as to the keeping of records, as proposed by his bill, or to wait until the question of two federal districts comes up for consideration in the next session of congress. In order that he may know the feeling of the attorneys in the South Platte county, he has requested expressions of opinion by way of petitions and in event the bar is favorable, he will press a division of records, those affecting the South Platte interests, to be kept in Lincoln. Since the introduction of this bill Hastings people have protested against its CANADIAN CATTLEMEN PROTEST, passage upon the theory that it might prejudice their interests when the state comes LONDON, March 9.—Joseph Chamberlain, the bill, I would be compelled to vote against

LONDON, March 5.—Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, in the bill, I would be compelled to vote against 1," which remark was concurred in by Dandon State of the colonies, in the bill, I would be compelled to vote against 1," which remark was concurred in by Dandon State of Dandon, and the bill, I would be compelled to vote against 1," which remark was concurred in by Dandon State of Dandon, and the bill, I would be compelled to vote against 1," which remark was concurred in by Dandon State of Dandon, and the bill, I would be compelled to vote against 1," which remark was concurred in by Dandon State of Dandon, and the bill, I would be compelled to vote against 1," which remark was concurred in by Dandon State of Dandon, and the bill, I would be compelled to vote against 1," which remark was concurred in by Dandon State of Dandon, and the bill, I would be compelled to vote against 1," which remark was concurred in by Dandon State of Dandon, and the bill, I would be compelled to vote against 1," which remark was concurred in by Dandon State of Dandon, and the bill, I would be compelled to vote against 1," which remark was concurred in by Dandon State of Dandon, and the bill was added, would receive careful considerable to the bill whether the line should run early the best of the bill whether the line should be designed to the bill whether the line should run early the best was a no foundation for the report that a spundron of British war ships was on its was a not constant to the born of the bill was not constant to the born of the bill was not constant to the born of the bill was not constant to the born of the bill was not to the born of the bil

of Doane college calling for recognition of the belligerent rights of the Cubans. He presented a letter from the mayor and council of South Sloux City, Neb., thank-ing him for his interest shown in the matr of the protection of the town from the Missouri's encroachment. Senator Allen, from the committee ou indian affairs, submitted a favorable report authorizing the secretary of the interior to pay out of the unexpended balance claims against the Genoa Indian school incurred during the superintendency of Horace R. Chase to the amount of \$8,000. This portion of the Indian appropriations bill was stricken out in the house. Mr. Allen also submitted a report on the amendment as to support and civilization of the Ponca Indians, including the pay of employes, \$30,000, recmmending its passage. He introduced

bill restoring the Santee Sioux of Nebraska and Flandreau Sioux of South Dakota to all rights, privileges and benefits enjoyed by them and their ancestors under the treaties of 1837 and 1851.

The pension claim of Silas S. White of Humboldt has been reported favorably, carrying \$39 per month.

WOULD AMEND CAREY'S LAW. L. S. Howlett, commissioner of arid lands for the state of Washington, appeared before the house committee on public lands today and argued in favor of an amendment to the Carey desert land law. Under this law state having arid land within its border can take up 1,000,000 acres of such in in small parcels and under restrictions. But one state, Wyoming, has thus far applied for land. An amendment is proposed, however, to give each of the arid land states 1,000,000 acres of land outright, with but one restriction, and that is that the proceeds of the sales of these lands be held as a trust fund for the reclamation of the land until all is reclaimed. The legislature of each state is to dispose of the land as it sees and after it is all reclaimed, the surplus money realized from the sale is to go to the state absolutely. All western states, including Colorado, Wyoming and South Dakota will be filed to take up desert land

Secretary Smith today rendered decisions in the following land cases: South Dakota-Joseph Scott, administrator, against Richard M. Maloney, Rapid City district, decision reversed and land awarded to Maloney; Foote against McMillan, Watertown district, de-cision reversed and land awarded to Mc-

Wyoming-Ex parte, Frank Simpson, heyenne district, decision affirmed, desert Cheyenne land proof held for rejection, land only sub ject to homestead entry.

Representative Pickler is making a strong fight to have the salaries of fourth class postmasters raised to a figure commensurate with the work done, as in many cases they are working for almost nothing. Where the postmasters receive \$100 he will endeavor to raise it \$50; in case of \$200, the raise will be \$40, and so on.

The comptroller of the currency has received notice of the following changes office of Nebraska national banks: First National, Fullerton, no assistant cashier place of J. Harvey Bostwick, Jones National, Seward, H. T. Jones, president, in place of Claudius Jones; L. F. Shuitz, cashier, in place of H. T. Jones; no assistant cashier in place of L. F. Shultz. Beatrice National, Beatrice, D. W. Cook, vice president, in place of N. S. Harwood; H. H. Waite, cash-ier, in place of D. W. Cook; no assistant cashier in place of H. H. Walte.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9.-Eight hun-

dred painters went on a strike here today. They want an increase of 50 cents a day making their wages \$3 instead of \$2.50. The strike was ordered by the Painters union and was decided upon several days ago. The boss painters say they were not notified of the demands of the strikers and that they will try to get along without them. It is said there are 600 nonunion painters in the city, enough to carry on the work on hand. A general strike among the building trades is feared, as the plasterers, carpenters and plumbers are said to be in sympathy with the painters.

THREE KILLED AND MANY HURT.

Frightful Result of the Street Car Colliston at St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, March 9.—Three men are dead and one more is not expected to live as the Republicans and Democrats Declare a One result of last night's collision on the St. Louis & Kirkwood electric line. Fifty others are more or less seriously injured. Dead:

JUNIUS A. JONES, claim agent, Mis olri, Kansas & Texas railway, J. H. AIKEN, motorman, car No. 3, east

Sam Smith, motorman, car No. 2, west-bound, has both legs broken, head crushed and is internally injured. He will die. Among the more seriously injured are: Jacob Goss, St. Louis, spine injured. Mrs. G. Spencer, Selma, compound fracture

of both legs.

Herman Mueller, boys 8 years old, St.

Joseph Stailin, St. Louis, foot crushed.

Peter Ryan, St. Louis, hip crushed and

Henry Gebster, St. Louis, foot crushed. James McGrath, Kirkwood, leg broken. Dr. M. C. Marshall, dentist, St. Louis, g broken Henry Leffork, St. Louis, ankle broken. General Manager Houseman states posi-

ively that the entire blame rests with J. I. Aiken, the motorman of the eastbound who was so seriously injured that he

has lain in an unconscious condition ever since the accident. It is thought that he cannot survive. He is injured internally.

identified the dead body of the man found in a barrel yesterday with the corpse of an infant, as that of her husband. He had been an inmate of the poor house for two years.

The police have abandoned the theory of

dered. His name is John McDonald and after he had proved that the child was his legitimate son and had died from natural causes, he was released.

The democrats say they will not go into the joint session if an attempt to unseat Kauffman is made. Beyond that the golitics of the situation cannot be foretold.

FORT WORTH, Tex., March 9.-Probably vote being cast for the nominee of each 1,000 cattlemen are in the city today to attend the annual meeting of the Texas stock raisers' convention, which convenes here tomorrow. Every town in the cattle raising of Mr. Weissinger. The adoption of the section in the state is represented, while representation from the Indian Ter-was followed in both branches by adjournstates are here in large numbers. The executive committee of the association has been in session several days need to be in session several days need and other ment.

The senate met at 11 o'clock, and on motion of Senator Bronston immediately adadopted a detailed report of its work during the past year. As the executive committee does nearly all the business of the associa-tion byween annual sessions, it will be of vast importance to all stockmen. It has been decided not to bring up the question of Mexican cattle importations are the series and the a great crowd was on hand. The speaker had given an order to the sergeant-at-arms to admit nobody except those entitled to the floor of the house, and of Mexican cattle importations, as there is a wide difference of opinion existing and it might cause trouble. It is known that the association will take strong means to pro-tect the members from the many cattle thieves hereabouts.

ENGLAND WANTS ALL HOME TRADE.

Discussing Schemes for Preserving the Commerce of the Colonies. LONDON, March 10 .- The Times says in replying to the Empire Trade league's memorial in favor of denouncing the commercial treaties with Germany and Belgium, which joint ballots were being taken. prevents the British colonies from levying a lighter duty on British than on foreign

"Lord Salisbury has written to Colonel Howard Vincent that he is in thorough accord with Mr. Chamberlain on the importance of securing the trade of the colonies for British producers. While England would never again agree to such inconvenient stipulations, he says, he is not purepared to give notice of the termination of these othervise valuable treaties, until a definite scheme is produced, offering such probabilities of an increased trade within the empire as to fully ompensate for the risk involved. The council of the league has decided to submit Lord Salisbury's letter to the colonial governments with a view to securing definite proposals."

MURDEDER THREATENED BY A MOB. the Crime.

TOPEKA, March 9.-A special to the Capital from Alta Vista says: Frank Mitchell, a prominent farmer near this place, was murdered last Thursday. James bring it to a vote. place, was murdered last Thursday. James bring it to a vote. They voted solidly Clare, a brother-in-law of the deceased, on against a recess, while the democrats voted going to Mitchell's farm this morning found Mitchell missing. A search revealed the body on the farm of John Hepner, a neighbor. On being confronted with the facts and taken into custody, Hepner confersed to killing Mitchell and hiding the body in the grass. Excitement runs high and the grass. Excitement runs high and threats of lynching are common. Mitchell was known as a quiet, sober man, while Hepner has a very unsavory reputation. Hepner's wife denies all knowledge of the deed. She was also placed under arrest. The killing was done with a shotgun. Mitchell was unmarried. An inquest will be held tomorrow.

BOLD ROBBER'S CLEVER WORK. Snatches a Tray of Diamonds and Makes His Escape.

DENVER, March 9.- This evening an unknown man snatched a tray of jewelry, in which were forty diamonds, valued at \$5,000, from a show window in Gottesleben's jewelry store on Sixteenth street, and made his escape. He was followed and fired upon by clerks and several bystanders. The thief returned the fire, slightly wounding George Jaisen. The police are searching for the

McBride Asks Heavy Damages. MITCHELL, S. D., March 2. Sheriff Miller of Plankinton, Aurora county, arrested today and served summons upon

FAILED TO ELECT A SENATOR

Day's Truce.

RICHARD LANIGAN, Insurance agent, St. DEMOCRATS LOSE A VOTE BY DEATH

Scenes of the Most Intense Excitement Witnessed at the State Capitol Previous to the Joint Session.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 9 .- For the secand time death has added to the complexity of a senatorial contest that has engressed public interest in this state for two months and attracted wide attention throughout the country. The death of Senator Rosel Weissinger today removes, besides a distinguished member of the Louisville bar, one of the most active and energetic figures in the senatorial fight; a man who had within the past few weeks defeated Dr. Hunter, the republican nominee, and successfully baffled every attempt of the followers of Senator Blackburn to secure the re-election of that leader. The exact political effect of the Herman Briscoe, a boy of this city, is an additional victim of the wreck. He was found this evening at his home, where he event of today cannot be determined, but tonight an election seems more remote than found this evening at his home, where he ever. The republicans, however, have sixtyeight members of the legislature and the democrats sixty-seven, with a probability of the support of the two populist members as long as Blackburn is their neminee. Taking into consideration the announced determination of the republicans to force a vote in the house tomorrow upon the Dunlap-Kauffman centest case for the purpose of unseating Kauffman (dem.) the key to the situation seems to be the attitude of L'eutenant Govson, that seventy shall constitute a quorum of the joint session, the republicans, even by seating Dunlap can count up only sixty-nine votes and the democrats, with the two populists, will have the same number, so that lists, will have the same number, so that either party may break a quorum at will and prevent an election. If he takes the position that since the death of Senator Weissinger sixty-nine members constitute a quorum, the election of St. John Boyle of Louisville can be accomplished by the republicans if they seat Dunlap and give the caucus nominee the whole party strength. This session will expire before a successor to Mr. Weissinger can be elected. It is almost certain that tomorrow a vote will be most certain that tomorrow a vote will be taken in the Dunlap-Kauffman case and that Kauffman, the democratic member, will be unseated. Whether the democratic senators retaliate or not, the republicans assert the election of Mr. Boyle is a certainty. The democrats say they will not go into the joint

causes, he was released.

CATTLEMEN MEET IN TEXAS.

At today's joint session there was no attempt to elect. The death of Mr. Weissinger having been announced before 12 o'clock, it was agreed between the leaders that the proceedings be confined to a formal ballot to fill the requirements of the law, but one

count of the serious illness of Senator Weis-

singer. leries and lobbies was kept out. This precaution was taken on account of the intense interest and excitement over the vote on the Dunlap-Kaffman contest. The excitement over political questions had been abated to an extent, however, by the news that Senstor Welssinger was dying at his room in the

Capital hotel. -Business was checked shortly after the opening by the speaker, who insisted that the sergeant at arms was admitting men not entitled to the floor. He said that complaint had been made that the men had been in-timidated on the floor Saturday when the Violett said that the speaker was mistaken

Intimidation had been attempted, but the

attempts were not successful.

Carroll, democrat, moved that the house adjourn until 12 o'clock on account of the expected death of Senator Weissinger. Burnham, republican, objected, holding that it would be time enough to adjourn when the news of the death of Mr. Weissinger was received. He asked for time until a conference of republicans could be held. A vote was taken after much heated argument by Carroll, Spaulding, Flippen and others. The democrats insisted that out others.

of respect to the dying man such a recess should be taken. A call of the roll on the motion was ordered. ORDERED A ROLL CALL. Spaulding of Marion said that out of de be carried unanimously, and he asked that it should be so ordered. He was overruled, however, and the roll was ordered called. The significance of this was that the republicans were determined to take up the contested case of Duniap vs Kauffman, and

aye.
Mr. Violett, when his name was called, said with emphasis that he hoped the house would dismiss the partisan spirit and take a recess in honor of a noble and pure spirit now in the struggles of death. aye, Mr. Speaker," said he.
Mr. Howard, republican, arose before the vote was announced, and said that in poli-tics he was a partisan, but in this issue he arose above party difference. It was now 11 o'clock, and nothing could now be done,

he said, in the contested case. He Carroll, democrat, his voice trembling with emotion, said. "I will assure the gentlemen of the opposition that I will vote for the republican nominee if there is the slightest prospect of the election of a demperat, and I ask that the recess be granted.

Lyons, republican, on this assurance, voted ith the democrats. This closed the remarkable debate, the apparent unfeelingness of which only shows great strain brought about by the crisis in the senatorial contest. The incident, with its attendant display of partisanship was ended and soon forgotten when, at 11:40 o'clock, the death of Senator Weissinger was announced. The motion to take a recess until 1 minute of 12 was then put and carried by a unanimous vote. Just before the noon hour the senate filed into the house chamber. The jam outside and in the corridors was terrific.

The presiding officer said that he hoped that there would be no disorder.

Mr. Carroll said that it had been mutually rested today and served summons upon forty-nine Mitchell citizens, who participated in the sacking of the Mail office February 24. Editor McBride brings suit for \$25,000 damages for destroying the property and other injuries. Thirty days are given the defendants to file answers. As Aurora county citizens are believed to be in sympathy with McBride by defendants, a change of venue from that county will be taken and it will take some time to get the case into court.

Stricken While in the Pulpit.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Rev. W. Pax-